The Worst Forms of Child in Some Governorates in Upper Egypt

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Paper Abstract: Poverty is a dominant phenomenon in Egypt. It is considered a highly influential factor regarding the country's different economic aspects. This study tackles four governorates in Egypt (Beni Suef, Assuit, Sohag and Red Sea), which involved the worst forms of Child labor, in an effort to state its main determinants to formulate a strategy to eliminate poverty in general and the worst forms of child labor in particular. The objectives of the study defining the characteristics of the children who are working in the worst forms of child labor, Investigating the variables behind working in the worst form of child labor, Examining the environmental conditions and hazards in which children are working and proposing a group of strategies for policy intervention programs to control worst form of child labor and to offer better health, learning and social services for the working children who cannot leave their work. The methodology of the study using both bi-variate and multivariate analysis (factor analysis) and (logistic regression). The descriptive analysis is used to examine the prevalent level of worst form of child labor, as well as the main characteristics of children who are working in the worst forms of child labor.